





DELIVERING EFFECTIVENESS ENHANCING THE GROWTH OF NATURAL EYELASHES IN COLOR COSMETICS FORMULATION: THE MECHANISM OF PLANT-BASED ACTIVE INGREDIENTS WITH IN VITRO AND IN VIVO CORRELATION

Padilha, Milene'; Graciolli, Rebecca'; Oliveira, Lais'; Fazio, Ana'; Catarino, Carolina'; Schuck, Desiree'; Brohem, Carla'; Sasson, Clarice'; Bosch, Jardi'; Monteiro, Roberto'; Meneguel, Jessica'; Roda, Priscila'.

1- Research and Development Department, Grupo Boticário, Parand, Brazil.

2- Technical Department, Provital S.A.U, Barcolona, Spain.

3- Marketing Department, Provital, São Paulo, Brazil.

Introduction

Nowadays, makeup consumers are looking for formulations that go beyond aesthetics. Eyelash mascaras aims to improve the esthetic appearance temporarily, providing to darken, lengthen, and thicken eyelashes by using a combination of waxes, pigG ments, and resins [1]. Prominent eyes and eyelashes are often considered a sign of beauty and can be associated with increaG sed levels of attractiveness, confidence, and well-being [2]. With that said, a new natural-based ingredients formulation was developed to a multifunctional eyelash mascara that, besides the temporary better asstrated, also improves the growth phase of follicles providing lashes' growth and volume in a long term.



The innovative mechanism of action of this biofunctional combination of natural ingredients prolongs the anagen phase of the eyelashes, inducing the growth of the lashes length, in addition to strengthening their anchorage in the follicle, preventing hair loss through the reduction of the telogen phase, protecting its integrity.

Gene expression in vitro assay:

Gene expression in vitro assay: There was a significant increase in the expression of the β -Catenin in HEKn with a fold change of 1.34, β -Catenin partiG cipates in the conical pathway of WNT signaling, it is expressed during the anagen phase, increasing the duration of this phase of the capillary cycle [3]. For both conditions, HEKn and HHDP, that was an increase in BCL-2 (4.16 and 1.27 resG pectively), a gene that encodes a protein involved in the control of apoptosis, having an anti-apoptotic function [4]. Its expression is increased in the anagen phase of the cell cycle, decreased in the catagen phase and abolished in the telog gen phase. Gogether, these genes are key biomarkers related to the maintenance and prolongation of the anagen phase. It was also detected a significant increase in VGFa, a growth factor that induces follicular vascularization helping to preG vent apoptosis and plays an important role in the anagen-catagen transition being secreted by the dermal papilla [5]. In addition, treatment with the active induced an increase in CK15, a biomarker of stem cell potential, in neopapalis, demonstrating the potential of the active in aging prevention and hair growth [6]. Cytokeratin 15 is also continuously exG pressed in the outer sheath of the hair follicle, acting in the formation of the fiber

	HEKn	HHDP
β-Catenin	1,34***	0,98
BCL-2	4,16***	1,27***
VGFa	1,87***	2,26***
CK15	1,42	6,70***

In vivo test results after 45 days of use:



The product promoted an increase of 8%



The product promoted an increase of 9%



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The product perception evaluation is also a strong indication of the fulfillment of consumer acceptability, presenting favorable purchase results in 87% and proof of the eyelash growth action in 80%.

yes



- Did you think the product stimulated eyelash growth? Did the product lengthen your eyelashes?
- Did the product increase the volume of your lashes? Does the product have a good result?

Would you buy this product?

Survey volunteers' responses to the questionnaires applied after 45 days of using the product

Baicalin was elected as a model for in vitro validation

In vitro tests were performed to evaluate the effect of baicalin on primary human keratinocytes and dermal papilla cell spheroids. Cells in monolayer or three-dimensional model were treated with 0.032% active in culture medium and gene expression for B-catenin, BCL-2, VEGF and CK15 was quantified by qPCR.

Cell Culture

Cell Culture:
HEK cells (Human Epidermal Keratinocytes), obtained from Cascade Biologics were used. Cells were maintained in culture with Epilife medium (M-EPI-500-CA - Gibco) containing HKGS (Human Keratinocyte Growth Supplement, S-001-5 - Gibco) at 37°C and 6% CO2. HHDP cells (Human Dermal Papilla Cells) were seed in sixG-well low attachment plates (Corning, model 3471) at 2.37x105 cells per well in DMEM containing 10% FBS without antibiotic.

The cells were kept at 37°C and 6% CO2, for a period of 24h. After this period, the spheroids were transferred to 96-well plates for further testing.

HEKn cultures and HHDP spheroids were used, with 105 HEKs cells plated in 12-well plates and 3x105 HHDP cells in 6-well Low Binding plates (Corning). The active was prepared at 0.32 mg/ml. (0.02%) in DMEM with 10% FBS. After 24 hours of incubation with the actives, RNA extraction was performed with the RNeasy Mini Rit (74106, Qiagen), and the samples were quantified in Nanodrop and preserved at -80°C. Reverse transcription was performed with the High-Capacity CDNA Red everse Transcription Rit (14084H24 - Life Technologies) according to the manufacturer's recommendations, for each sample, 200ng of total RNA were considered as a term of the recommendations of the reach sample, 200ng of total RNA were considered as a term of the recommendations. plate for cDNA synthesis. Gene expression was detected by the Real Time PCR (qPCR) methodology through the TaqMan system (4444963 - Life Technologies) with invenG toried probes (BCL-2, CK15, β-Catenin, VGFa). All reactions were performed on 384 wells plate in triplicate using the reaction solution described in table 1.

The following natural plant-based active ingredients were evaluated in this study:









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Eyelashes have an important role in determining beauty, and as such, prominent eyelashes are a highly sought-after attribute.

The combination of in vitro and in vivo tests demonstrates the action of the natural plant-based actives present in the color cosmetic formulation, to promote growth and improve the volume of eyelashes through the prolongation of anagen phase and maintenance of the stem cell potential of follicular cells.
It is believed that this study opens up a new frontier for makeup with valuable knowledge for the development of new color cosmetics with benefits consumer centric.

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